

# TRILATERAL DIALOGUE: GERMANY, POLAND, CZECH REPUBLIC

## A COMMON ENERGY POLICY DIRECTION IN UNCERTAIN TIMES?

2. 11. 2022  
11:00–18:00

ZITTAU/GÖRLITZ UNIVERSITY OF APPLIED SCIENCES

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### AGENDA

11:00	Registration
11:30	Welcome speech
11:40	Panel I
13:10	Lunch break
14:00	Workshop
15:30	Keynote Speech
16:00	Coffee Break
16:15	Panel II
17:45	Closing remarks
18:00	End of the event

#### Keynote Speech (digital)

*The European Future of Energy Policy.*

**Nicola Beer, MEP**

#### Panel I

*Current challenges and problems of the regional energy sector:  
Saxon-Polish-Czech perspectives.*

**Andreas W. Poldrack**, VEE Sachsen, Branch manager (D)

**Gregor von Kampen-Banisch**, President of DCEO Group (PL)

**Lenka Nová**, Ministry of the Environment, Ministry Councillor  
(CZ) *(tbc)*

#### Workshop – World Café

*Turów as a conflict – perspectives of future planned energy  
policy in the border triangle.*

Moderated creative activity with presentation/evaluation:

6 creative islands/theme tables with experts.

Key question: How can coal-fired power generation be replaced?  
Now and in the future.

#### Panel II

*Energy Security in Uncertain Times. Energy policy in the field of  
tension between European and national objectives.*

**Prof. Tobias Zschunke**, HSZG, Power (plant) engineering (D)

**Dr. Maciej Zathey**, Institute for Territorial Development,  
Director (PL)

**Michaela Kabáčová**, Ministry of Industry and Trade, Energy Policy  
Officer (CZ)

## ON THE TOPIC

The energy situation in Central Europe is tense as never before and has a significant impact on our lives. On the one hand, the European Union has long been pushing for an increase in the share of energy from renewable sources; on the other hand, in terms of democratic values and moral conscience, we urgently need to break free from dependence on Russian gas.

Germany, the Czech Republic and Poland share a common cultural and economic space. Energy policy is one of THE central issues, not only but especially for the region where the three countries meet. While Germany is rapidly phasing out nuclear energy and coal, which is an important economic sector in the region, the Czech Republic is relying on nuclear energy to achieve its climate goals. At the same time, Poland continues to rely heavily on coal and is forging new construction plans for a nuclear reactor. These different approaches not only have implications for the economic future of the three countries, but also for that of the border triangle.

One thing is clear: energy policy could become a topic of conflict – or an opportunity for closer cooperation. This is the topic of the second trilateral dialogue conference in Zittau, organised by the Friedrich Naumann Foundation for Freedom in cooperation with the Zittau/Görlitz University of Applied Sciences and the Wilhelm Külz Foundation.

## INFORMATION REGARDING PARTICIPATION

**Venue:** University of Applied Sciences Zittau/Görlitz, Theodor-Körner-Allee 8, 02763 Zittau

**Registration link:** <https://www.hszg.de/en/trilateral-dialogue-germany-czechia-poland>

**NOTE:** Limited number of participants. Registration is required.

The event is free of charge. The conditions of participation can be found at [freiheit.org/teilnahmebedingungen](https://freiheit.org/teilnahmebedingungen).



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